

COUNCIL POLICY 1.7 Complaints about the Chief Executive Officer

Version: V1

Objective

The Chief Executive Officer (CEO) is the public official of the Torres Shire Council (TSC) for the purposes of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (CC Act).

The objective of this policy is to set out how the TSC will deal with a complaint (or information or matter)¹ that involves or may involve corrupt conduct, as defined in the CC Act, by the CEO.

Policy rationale

This policy is designed to assist the TSC to:

Comply with s. 48A of the CC Act.

Promote public confidence in the way suspected corrupt conduct by the CEO of the TSC is dealt with (s. 34(c) CC Act).

Promote accountability, integrity, and transparency in the way the TSC deals with a complaint that is reasonably suspected to involve, or may involve, corrupt conduct by the CEO.

Definitions

Crime and Corrupti Commission (CCC)	the Commission continued in existence under the CC Act	
CC Act	Crime and Corruption Act 2001	
Complaint	includes information or matter: see the definition in s. 48A(of the CC Act	
Contact details for Nominated person	Mayor Elsie Seriat OAM <u>elsie.seriat@torres.qld.gov.au</u>	
Corrupt conduct	see s. 15 of the CC Act	
Corruption in Focus www.ccc.qld.gov.au/publications/corruption-focus; chapter 2, page 26		
Deal with	see Schedule 2 (Dictionary) of the CC Act	
Nominated person	see item 5 of this policy	
Public official	see s. 48A & Schedule 2 (Dictionary) of the CC Act	
Unit of public administration (UPA	see s. 20 of the CC Act	

See s. 48A(4) of the CC Act and the definitions in clause 3.

Policy application

This policy applies:

- if there are grounds to suspect that a complaint may involve corrupt conduct by the CEO of the TSC; and
- to all persons who hold an appointment in, or are employees of, the TSC.

For the purpose of this policy a complaint includes information or matter.²

Nominated person

Having regard to s. 48A(2) and (3) of the CC Act, this policy nominates:

Mayor Elsie Seriat OAM as the nominated person/s
to notify³ the CCC of the complaint and to deal with the complaint under the CC Act.⁴
The provisions of the CC Act that regulate how the CEO as the public official of the TSC is to notify or deal with a complaint also apply to the nominated person.⁵

Complaints about the CEO

If a complaint may involve an allegation of corrupt conduct by the CEO of the TSC, the complaint may be reported to:

- o the nominated person; or
- o the CCC directly, via this form on the CCC's website; or
- o a person to whom there is an obligation to report under an Act⁶ (this does not include an obligation imposed by ss. 38 or 39(1) of the CC Act).
- If there is uncertainty about whether or not a complaint should be reported, it is best to report it to the nominated person.

Complaints received by the nominated person

If the nominated person reasonably suspects that a complaint involves or may involve corrupt conduct by the CEO, they are to:

notify the CCC of the complaint;7 and

Complaints received by the CEO

If the CEO receives a complaint that may involve corrupt conduct on their part, they must:

- report the complaint to the nominated person as soon as practicable and may also notify the CCC; and
- take no further action to deal with the complaint unless requested to do so by the nominated person.

Recordkeeping requirements

Should the nominated person decide that a complaint, or information or matter, about alleged corrupt conduct by the CEO is not required to be notified to the CCC under s. 38 of the CC Act, the nominated person must make a record of the decision that complies with s. 40A of the CC Act.

² See s. 48A(4) of the CC Act.

³ Pursuant to s. 38 of the CC Act.

⁴ Under Chapter 2, Part 3, Division 4, Subdivision 2 of the CC Act.

See s. 48A(3) of the CC Act.

⁶ See s. 39(2) of the CC Act.

Pursuant to s. 38 of the CC Act.

Resourcing the nominated person

If pursuant to 46 of the CC Act, the nominated person has responsibility to deal with the complaint:

- The TSC will ensure that sufficient resources are available to the nominated person to enable them to deal with the complaint appropriately⁸
- the nominated person is to ensure that any consultations for the purpose of securing resources sufficient to deal with the complaint appropriately are confidential and are not disclosed, other than to the CCC, without:
 - authorisation under a law of the Commonwealth or the State; or
 - the consent of the nominated person
- the nominated person must, at all times, use their best endeavours to act independently, impartially, and fairly having regard to the:
 - purposes of the CC Act⁹
 - the importance of promoting public confidence in the way suspected corrupt conduct in the TSC is dealt with;¹⁰ and
 - the TSC's statutory, policy and procedural framework.

If the nominated person has responsibility to deal with the complaint, they are delegated the same authority, functions, and powers as the CEO to direct and control staff of the TSC as if the nominated person is the CEO for the purpose of dealing with the complaint only

Liaising with the CCC

The CEO is to keep the CCC and the nominated person informed of:

- the contact details for the CEO and the nominated person; and
- any proposed changes to this policy.

Consultation with the CCC

The CEO will consult with the CCC when preparing any policy about how the TSC will deal with a complaint that involves or may involve corrupt conduct by the CEO.

Statutory references

Unless otherwise stated, all statutory references are to the Crime and Corruption Act 2001.

DOCUMENT CONTROL

Version	Resolution Date	Resolution No.	Policy Author
V1	19 August 2025	25/8/9	Chief Executive Officer (based on Guidelines)

Review Frequency: Following legislative Changes or release of updated Guidelines

See the CCC's corruption purposes and functions set out in ss. 4(1)(b), 33, 34 and 35 of the CC Act and the TSC's relevant statutory, policy and procedural framework which help inform decision making about the appropriate way to deal with the complaint.

⁹ See s. 57 of the CC Act and the CCC's corruption purposes and functions set out in ss. 4(1)(b), 33, 34 and 35 of the CC Act.

See s. 34(c) of the CC Act.